

EMBEDDING & SECTIONING TISSUE

FIXATION

- 1) When possible cardiac perfuse with 4% PFA (~7.4 pH, 310mOsm) in PBS, heparinized saline may be used prior to PFA to increase perfusion efficiency
- 2) Post fix samples for 2-4 h in 4% PFA
- 3) Remove excess PFA with PBS rinse
- 4) Begin sucrose infiltration for cyroprotection (see below)

FROZENS:

OTC MEDIUM

- 1) Tissue ready for embedding should be fixed (usually in 4%PFA) and in stored in PBS
- 2) Sucrose infiltration (CRYOPROTECTION)
 - 10% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
 - 2:1 10% Sucrose:30% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
 - 1:1 10% Sucrose:30% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
 - 1:2 10% Sucrose:30% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
 - 30% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
 - 30% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
 - 30% Sucrose (15 min or until sample drops to bottom of vial)
- 3) Partially fill dry ice container with dry ice and add methanol to create a cool bath, let sit
- 4) Label Tissue Tek wells with each animal number and fill with OTC (TissueTek) freezing compound
- 5) Remove excess sucrose from tissue by blotting on Kimwipes and place tissue in center of well filled with OTC
- 6) Orient tissue into the bottom of the well and freeze by floating on methanol bath
CAUTION: do not get methanol on the OTC, it will not freeze correctly
- 7) Place frozen tissue blocks in -20 freezer after they are frozen
- 8) Ready to be sliced after they are frozen completely
- 9) Note: do not store slides in the cryostat over night, they will dry out and be no good.
It is also a good idea to place all tissue into plastic bags in the -20 frost free freezer to reduce drying out during storage.
- 10) Slice sections at 8 to 10µm on the cryostat. Cold sections will readily transfer to room temperature super frost plus or subbed slides
- 11) Let new slides dry (at least 2h) at room temperature in hood
- 12) Dunk slides in cold acetone (1-3 min) and let dry for at least 1h
- 13) Label slides as normal

WHOLE TISSUE

- 1) Whole pieces of tissue that have been cyroprotected (see above) can be frozen by placing on an aluminum "boat" floating on top a dry ice/methanol solution (see below).
* note large pieces of tissue (brains) often don't need to be embedded in OTC

- 2) Slice sections at 8 to 10 μ m on the cryostat. Cold sections will readily transfer to room temperature super frost plus or subbed slides
- 3) Let new slides dry (at least 2h) at room temperature
- 4) If necessary, dunk slides in cold acetone (1-3 min) and let dry for at least 1h (helps the section adhere)
- 5) Label slides

PARAFFIN SECTIONS (Protocol from Brauer Lab)

1. After fixation, rinse tissue with PBS until fixative is completely removed.
2. Dehydrate tissue using EtOH series.*
 - 50% EtOH for 10 min.
 - 70% EtOH for 10 min.
 - 80% EtOH for 10 min.
 - 95% EtOH for 10 min.
 - 100% EtOH for 10 min.
 - 100% EtOH for 10 min.
 - 100% EtOH for 10 min.
3. Exchange EtOH with Citrisolve
 - 2:1 EtOH:Citrisolve for 10-15 min
 - 1:1 EtOH:Citrisolve for 10-15 min
 - 1:2 EtOH:Citrisolve for 10-15 min
 - 100% Citrisolve for 10-15 min
 - 100% Citrisolve for 10-15 min
 - 100% Citrisolve for 10-15 min
4. Exchange Citrisolve with paraffin. The following steps are done in a vacuum oven set for 54-58 $^{\circ}$ C. We use Paraplast X-tra or Paraplast Plus (the Plus has DMSO added to facilitate infiltration-- both from Fisher). Do not let paraffin exceed 60 $^{\circ}$ C for prolonged periods of time because this will degrade the paraffin polymers and make it more brittle.
 - 2:1 Citrisolve:Paraffin for 30 min
 - 1:1 Citrisolve:Paraffin for 30 min
 - 1:2 Citrisolve:Paraffin for 30 min
 - 100% Paraffin for 1-2 hr
 - 100% Paraffin for 1-2 hr or overnight
5. Embed in fresh new paraffin and orient tissue as desired before it hardens (vertical for embryos).